



10680 pixel × 3 line CCD Linear Sensor (Color)

Description

The ILX555K is a reduction type CCD linear sensor developed for color image scanner. This sensor reads A4-size documents at a density of 1200DPI.

Features

• Number of effective pixels:

32040 pixels (10680 pixels \times 3)

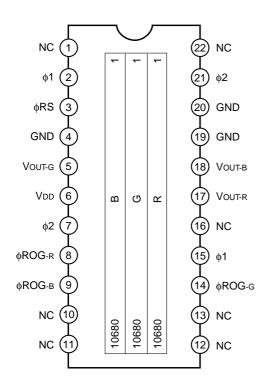
- Pixel size: 3.5µm × 3.5µm (3.5µm pitch)
- Distance between line: 28µm (8 lines)
- Single-sided readout
- Ultra low lag
- Single 12V power supply
- Maximum data rate: 5MHz/Color
- Input Clock Pulse: CMOS 5V drive
- Number of output 3 (R, G, B)
- Package: 22 pin Plastic DIP (400mil)

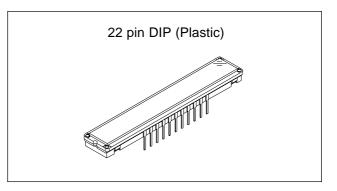
Absolute Maximum Ratings

•	Supply voltage	Vdd	15	V
	<u> </u>			

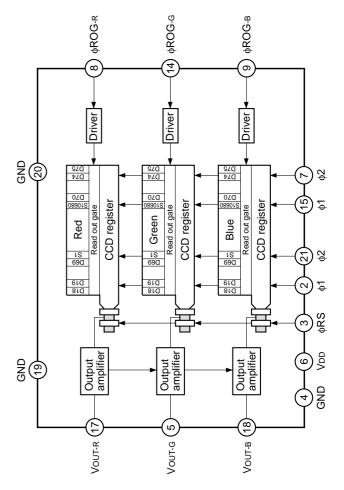
• Operating temperature -10 to +55 °C

Pin Configuration (Top View)





Block Diagram



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Pin Description

Pin No.	Symbol	Description	Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	NC	NC	12	NC	NC
2	φ 1	Clock pulse input	13	NC	NC
3	φRS	Clock pulse input	14	∮ROG -G	Clock pulse input
4	GND	GND	15	φ 1	Clock pulse input
5	Vout-g	Signal output (green)	16	NC	NC
6	Vdd	12V power supply	17	Vout-r	Signal output (red)
7	φ 2	Clock pulse input	18	Vоит-в	Signal output (blue)
8	φROG-R	Clock pulse input	19	GND	GND
9	¢ROG-в	Clock pulse input	20	GND	GND
10	NC	NC	21	φ2	Clock pulse input
11	NC	NC	22	NC	NC

Recommended Supply Voltage

Item	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Vdd	11.4	12.0	12.6	V

Clock Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Input capacity of \u00e91, \u00e92	Сф1, Сф2	—	1200	—	pF
Input capacity of	Cørs	_	10	_	pF
Input capacity of	Corog		10	—	pF

Clock Frequency

Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
φ1, φ2, φRS	fφ1, fφ2, fφrs	_	1	5	MHz

Input Clock Pulse Voltage Condition

Item		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
φ1, φ2, φRS, φROG pulse	High level	4.75	5.0	5.25	V
voltage	Low level		0	0.1	V

Electrooptical Characteristics (Note 1)

(Ta = 25°C, VDD = 12V, $f\phi_{RS} = 1MHz$, Input clock = 5Vp-p, Light source = 3200K, IR cut filter CM-500S (t = 1.0mm))

Item		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
	Red	RR	0.98	1.5	2.02		
Sensitivity	Green	Rg	0.98	1.5	2.02	V/(lx · s)	Note 2
	Blue	Rв	0.85	1.3	1.75		
Sensitivity nonuniformity		PRNU	—	4	20	%	Note 3
Saturation output voltage		VSAT	1.5	1.8	_	V	Note 4
	Red	SER	0.74	1.20			Note 5
Saturation exposure	Green	SEG	0.74	1.20		lx⋅s	
	Blue	SEB	0.86	1.38	_		
Dark voltage average		Vdrk	_	2	5	mV	Note C
Dark signal nonuniformity	1	DSNU		4	12	mV	Note 6
Image lag		IL		0.02	_	%	Note 7
Supply current		Ivdd		30	50	mA	
Total transfer efficiency		TTE	92	98		%	
Output impedance		Zo		360		Ω	
Offset level		Vos		4.7	_	V	Note 8

Notes)

- 1. In accordance with the given electrooptical characteristics, the black level is defined as the average value of D18, D19 to D67.
- 2. For the sensitivity test light is applied with a uniform intensity of illumination.
- PRNU is defined as indicated below. Ray incidence conditions are the same as for Note 2. Vout = 500mV (Typ.)

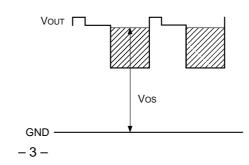
$$\mathsf{PRNU} = \frac{(\mathsf{VMAX} - \mathsf{VMIN})/2}{\mathsf{VAVE}} \times 100 \ [\%]$$

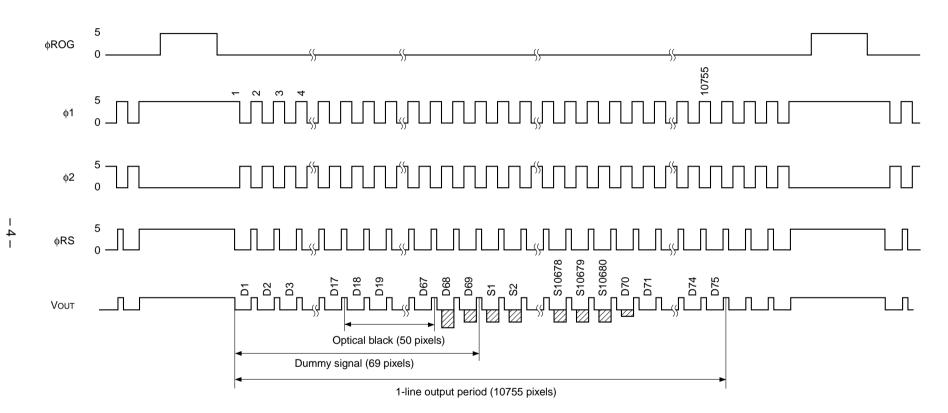
- 4. Use below the minimum value of the saturation output voltage.
- 5. Saturation exposure is defined as follows.

$$SE = \frac{V_{SAT}}{R}$$

Where R indicates RR, RG, RB, and SE indicates SER, SEG, SEB.

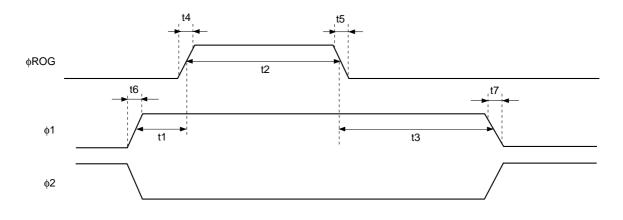
- 6. Optical signal accumulated time τ int stands at 5.5ms.
- 7. VOUT-G = 500mV (Typ.)
- 8. Vos is defined as indicated bellow. Vout indicates Vout-R, Vout-G and Vout-B.



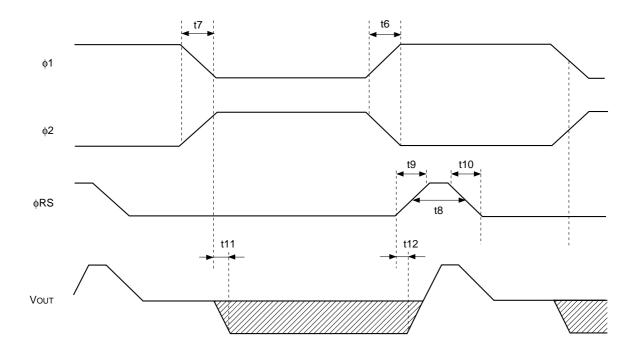


Note) The transfer pulses (\phi1, \phi2) must have more than 10755 cycles. Vout indicates Vout-R, Vout-G, Vout-B. \phiROG indicates \phiROG-R, \phiROG-G, \phiROG-B.

Clock Timing Chart 2



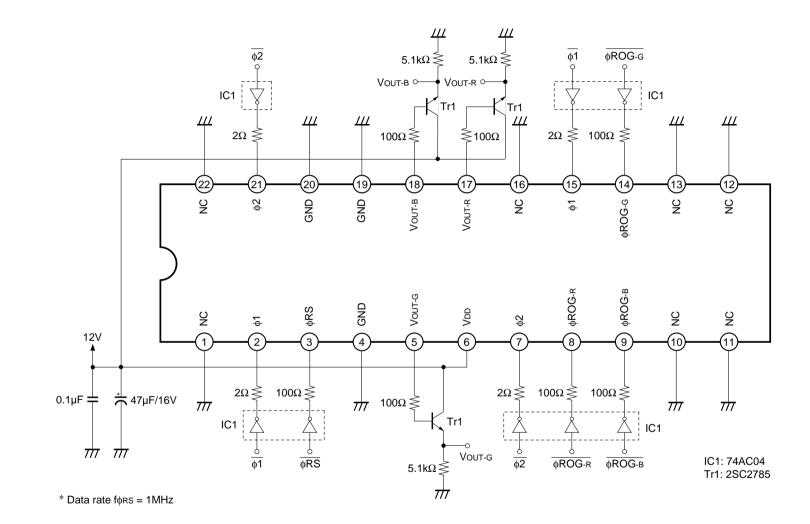
Clock Timing Chart 3



Clock Pulse Recommended Timing

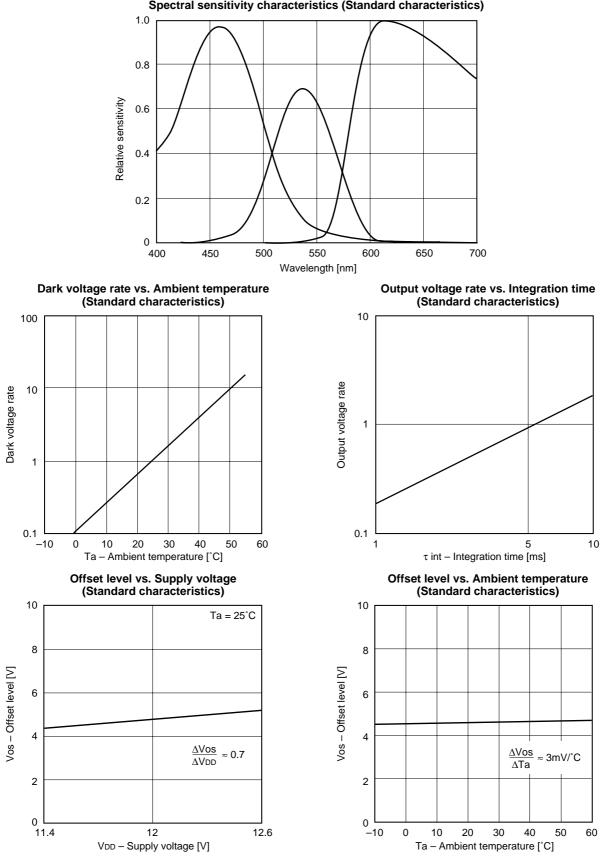
Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
φROG, φ1 pulse timing	t1	50	100	_	ns
	t2	3	5	_	μs
φROG, φ1 pulse timing	t3	1	2	_	μs
<pre> \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$</pre>	t4	0	5	_	ns
	t5	0	5	_	ns
φ1 pulse rise time/φ2 pulse fall time	t6	0	20	_	ns
	t7	0	20	_	ns
	t8	30	50*1	_	ns
	t9	0	20	_	ns
♦RS pulse fall time	t10	0	20	_	ns
Signal output dalay time	t11		40	_	ns
Signal output delay time	t12	_	20	_	ns

 *1 These timing is the recommended condition under $f\phi_{\text{RS}}$ = 1MHz.



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Spectral sensitivity characteristics (Standard characteristics)

Notes of Handling

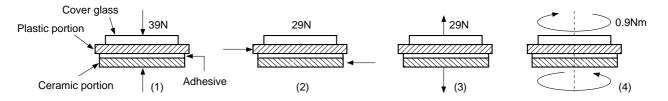
1) Static charge prevention

CCD image sensors are easily damaged by static discharge. Before handling be sure to take the following protective measures.

- a) Either handle bare handed or use non chargeable gloves, clothes or material. Also use conductive shoes.
- b) When handling directly use an earth band.
- c) Install a conductive mat on the floor or working table to prevent the generation of static electricity.
- d) Ionized air is recommended for discharge when handling CCD image sensor.
- e) For the shipment of mounted substrates, use boxes treated for prevention of static charges.
- 2) Notes on Handling CCD Packages

The following points should be observed when handling and installing packages.

- a) Remain within the following limits when applying static load to the package:
 - (1) Compressive strength: 39N/surface (Do not apply load more than 0.7mm inside the outer perimeter of the glass portion.)
 - (2) Shearing strength: 29N/surface
 - (3) Tensile strength: 29N/surface
 - (4) Torsional strength: 0.9Nm



- b) In addition, if a load is applied to the entire surface by a hard component, bending stress may be generated and the package may fracture, etc., depending on the flatness of the ceramic portion. Therefore, for installation, either use an elastic load, such as a spring plate, or an adhesive.
- c) Be aware that any of the following can cause the package to crack or dust to be generated.
 - (1) Applying repetitive bending stress to the external leads.
 - (2) Applying heat to the external leads for an extended period of time with soldering iron.
 - (3) Rapid cooling or heating.
 - (4) Prying the plastic portion and ceramic portion away at a support point of the adhesive layer.
 - (5) Applying the metal a crash or a rub against the plastic portion.

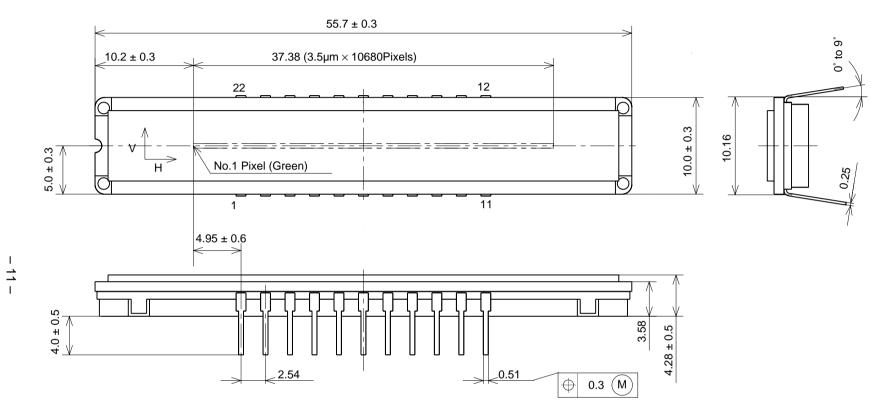
Note that the preceding notes should also be observed when removing a component from a board after it has already been soldered.

3) Soldering

- a) Make sure the package temperature does not exceed 80°C.
- b) Solder dipping in a mounting furnace causes damage to the glass and other defects. Use a grounded 30W soldering iron and solder each pin in less then 2 seconds. For repairs and remount, cool sufficiently.
- c) To dismount an imaging device, do not use a solder suction equipment. When using an electric desoldering tool, ground the controller. For the control system, use a zero cross type.

- 4) Dust and dirt protection
 - a) Operate in clean environments.
 - b) Do not either touch glass plates by hand or have any object come in contact with glass surfaces. Should dirt stick to a glass surface, blow it off with an air blower. (For dirt stuck through static electricity ionized air is recommended.)
 - c) Clean with a cotton bud and ethyl alcohol if the glass surface is grease stained. Be careful not to scratch the glass.
 - d) Keep in a case to protect from dust and dirt. To prevent dew condensation, preheat or precool when moving to a room with great temperature differences.
- 5) Exposure to high temperatures or humidity will affect the characteristics. Accordingly avoid storage or usage in such conditions.
- 6) CCD image sensors are precise optical equipment that should not be subject to mechanical shocks.

Package Outline Unit: mm



22 pin DIP (400mil)

1. The height from the bottom to the sensor surface is 2.38 ± 0.3 mm.

2. The thickness of the cover glass is 0.7mm, and the refractive in 1.5.

PACKAGE MATERIAL	Plastic, Ceramic
LEAD TREATMENT	GOLD PLATING
LEAD MATERIAL	42 ALLOY
PACKAGE MASS	5.43g
DRAWING NUMBER	LS-B30(E)

Sony Corporation